

Act Number: 09-035

Bill Number: 6324

Senate Pages: 1907, 1935, 1937-1938 **4**

House Pages: 2296-2300 **5**

Committee: Public Safety: 140-143, 219-
222, 330-334 **13**

Page Total: **22**

S - 582

**CONNECTICUT
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
SENATE**

**PROCEEDINGS
2009**

**VOL. 52
PART 6
1667 - 2005**

Thank you, Mr. President. Calendar 588, House Bill Number 6324, I move to place this item on the Consent Calendar.

THE CHAIR:

Motion is on the floor to place item on the Consent Calendar.

Seeing no objection, so ordered, sir.

SENATOR LOONEY:

Thank you, Mr. President. Calendar 589, PR.

Calendar 590 is marked go.

Calendar 591, PR.

Calendar 592, House Bill Number 6439, Mr. President, I move to place this item on the Consent Calendar.

THE CHAIR:

Motion is to place item on consent.

Seeing no objection, so ordered.

SENATOR LOONEY:

Yes, thank you, Mr. President. Calendar 593, PR.

Calendar 594, PR.

Moving to calendar page 22, Calendar 595 is marked go.

Moving pass the single starred items in the next few pages, moving to calendar page 26, under Matters

ch/rgd/md
SENATE

50
May 6, 2009

for House Bill 6643; Calendar 536, Substitute for
House Bill 6685.

Calendar page 15, Calendar Number 539, Substitute
for House Bill 6287.

Calendar page 17, Calendar 553, Substitute for
Senate Bill 885.

Calendar page 20, Calendar 587, Substitute for
House Bill 6598; Calendar 588, Substitute for House
Bill 6324.

Calendar page 21, Calendar 592, House Bill 6439.

Calendar page 27, Calendar Number 135, Senate
Bill 842.

Calendar page 28, Calendar 140, Senate Bill 872.

Calendar page 29, Calendar 175, Substitute for
Senate Bill 617.

Calendar page 30, Calendar 182, Senate Bill 973.

Calendar page 31, Calendar 206, Substitute for
Senate Bill 949.

Calendar page 37, Calendar Number 368, Senate
Bill 846.

Calendar page 38, Calendar 396, House Bill 5841.

Calendar page 42, Calendar 519, Substitute for
Senate Bill 1092; Calendar 375, Substitute for Senate
Bill 1021.

ch/rgd/md
SENATE

52
May 6, 2009

items placed on the first Consent Calendar.

THE CHAIR:

Thank you. Clerk, if you could please call for a roll call vote, I will open the machine.

THE CLERK:

The Senate is now voting by roll call on the Consent Calendar, will all Senators please return to the chamber. The Senate is now voting by roll on the Consent Calendar, will all Senators please return to the chamber.

THE CHAIR:

Have all Senators voted? If all Senators have voted, please check your vote. The machine will be locked.

Mr. Clerk, please call the tally.

THE CLERK:

The motion is on adoption of Consent Calendar
Number 1:

Total Number Voting	36
Necessary for Adoption	19
Those Voting Yea	36
Those Voting Nay	0
Those Absent/Not Voting	0

THE CHAIR:

ch/rgd/md
SENATE

53
May 6, 2009

Consent Calendar Number 1 passes.

Senator Looney.

SENATOR LOONEY:

Thank you. Thank you, Mr. President. Mr. President, I would move for suspension for immediate transmittal to the House of Representatives of item on calendar page 42, Calendar 519, Senate Bill 1092, An Act Concerning the Client's Security Fund, that was included in the immediately preceding vote on the Consent Calendar.

THE CHAIR:

Motion is to suspend down to the House Calendar 519.

Without objection, so ordered, sir.

SENATOR LOONEY:

Yes, thank you, Mr. President. Mr. President, as the second order of the day, I would ask the Clerk to call the item on calendar page 22, Calendar 595, Substitute for House Bill 6648.

THE CHAIR:

Mr. Clerk.

THE CLERK:

Turning to calendar page 22, a matter marked second order of the day, Calendar Number 595, File

H – 1044

**CONNECTICUT
GENERAL ASSEMBLY
HOUSE**

**PROCEEDINGS
2009**

**VOL.52
PART 8
2284 – 2607**

pat
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

35
April 29, 2009

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. We have in the Gallery, now, today, members of the League of Women Voters who are here on a field trip to see exactly where all of their emails arrive on a daily basis, and we're so excited to welcome them there, including Jara Burnett, who is the Connecticut President of the League of Women Voters.

So will you please join me in giving them a rousing welcome. Thank you.

(APPLAUSE)

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Thank you, Representative. Will the Clerk please call, lucky number, Calendar Number 84.

CLERK:

On Page 28, Calendar Number 84, Substitute for House Bill Number 6324 AN ACT CONCERNING THE INSPECTION OF ELEVATORS, THE AUTHORITY OF THE STATE AND LOCAL FIRE MARSHALS, THE REGULATION OF EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER TECHNICAL CHANGES. Favorable Report of the Committee on Planning and Development.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Representative Dargan.

REP. DARGAN: (115th)

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. I move acceptance of the Committee's Favorable Report and passage of the bill.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

The question is on acceptance of the Joint Committee's Favorable Report and passage of the bill. Will you remark, Sir?

REP. DARGAN: (115th)

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This bill makes certain changes to existing statutes.

It also clarifies language and it updates regulations to reflect new technologies.

Mr. Speaker, the Clerk is in possession of LCO Number 5555. May he please call it and I be allowed to summarize.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Will the Clerk please call LCO Number 5555, which will be designated House Amendment Schedule "A".

CLERK:

LCO Number 5555, House "A", offered by Representative Dargan.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

The Representative seeks leave of the Chamber to summarize the Amendment. Is there objection to summarization?

pat
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

37
April 29, 2009

If not, Representative, you may proceed.

REP. DARGAN: (115th)

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. This strikes Section 6, and then it's rewritten to clarify the language within that section. Instead of certificate, it would read license.

And I move for adoption.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

The question before the Chamber is on adoption of House Amendment Schedule "A". Will you remark on the Amendment? Will you remark on the Amendment?

Representative Perillo.

REP. PERILLO: (113th)

Mr. Speaker, thank you very much. As Representative Dargan said, this is a technical amendment in nature, very simple, and I would urge its adoption.

Thank you, Sir.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Thank you, Representative. Would you remark further on the Amendment before us? Would you remark further on the Amendment before us?

If not, let me try your minds. All those in favor of the Amendment please signify by saying Aye.

pat
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

38
April 29, 2009

REPRESENTATIVES:

Aye.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Those opposed, Nay. The Ayes have it. The
Amendment is adopted.

Will you remark further on the bill as amended?

Will you remark further on the bill as amended?

If not, staff and guests come to the Well of the
House. Members take their seats. The machine will be
opened.

CLERK:

The House of Representatives is voting by Roll
Call. Members to the Chamber.

The House is voting by Roll Call. Members to the
Chamber.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Have all Members voted? Have all the Members
voted? Please check the board to make sure your votes
were properly cast.

If all the Members have voted, the machine will
be locked. The Clerk will please take a tally.

Will the Clerk please announce the tally.

CLERK:

House Bill Number 6324 as amended by House "A".

pat.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

39
April 29, 2009

Total Number Voting	139
Necessary for Passage	70
Those voting Yea	139
Those voting Nay	0
Those absent and not voting	12

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

The bill as amended passed.

Will the Clerk please call Calendar Number 204.

CLERK:

On Page 33, Calendar Number 204, Substitute for
House Bill Number 5286 AN ACT ESTABLISHING THE
GREENWAY COMMONS IMPROVEMENT DISTRICT IN THE TOWN OF
SOUTHINGTON. Favorable Report of the Committee on
Finance, Revenue and Bonding.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

Representative Sharkey.

REP. SHARKEY: (88th)

Thank you, Mr. Speaker. Mr. Speaker, I move
acceptance of the Joint Committee's Favorable Report
and passage of the bill.

SPEAKER DONOVAN:

The question is acceptance of the Joint
Committee's Favorable Report and passage of the bill.
Will you proceed, Sir?

**JOINT
STANDING
COMMITTEE
HEARINGS**

**PUBLIC
SAFETY AND
SECURITY**

**PART 1
1 - 356**

**2009
INDEX**

11 February 10, 2009
slm PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY 11:00 A.M.
COMMITTEE

certification grant you?

GEOFFREY HERALD: The recognition as a regional school will put us into the system, actually, and the idea is to avail ourselves through the state fire academy of a cooperative relationship through instruction and class presentation and such.

REP. LARSON: Okay, great. Thank you.

REP. DARGAN: Further questions?

Hearing none, thank you, Chief.

Thank you, Representative Godfrey.

REP. GODFREY: Thank you.

REP. DARGAN: Next up is from Department of Public Safety, Bob, Lisa and John.

JOHN BLASCHIK: Good morning, Senator Stillman, Representative Dargan, members of the committee. We're here to voice our support for House Bill 6324, and what I'd like to start to do is allow the state building inspector, Lisa Humble, to make the first presentation.

LISA HUMBLE: Good morning. Pleasure to see everybody this morning.

Section 1 of House Bill 6324 provides for a technical change to Connecticut General Statute 29-195. The reason for this change is to clarify current statutory language that says elevators located in private residences to change to private residence elevators, an industry nomenclature for a particular type of elevator. The intent of Statute 29-195 was to

slm PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY 11:00 A.M.
COMMITTEE

exempt all elevators located in private residences from regularly scheduled inspections by the Bureau of Elevators and to have them inspected only upon request of the owner. There are private residences that have dumbwaiters, freight elevators, sidewalk elevators and passenger elevators. By not inspecting these elevators, it could be interpreted that the Bureau of Elevators is not complying with statutes. Therefore, the statute should be changed to clarify that elevators in private residences are to be inspected only upon the request of the owner. A similar change in the language should also be made to Connecticut General Statute 29-196.

JOHN BLASCHIK: Any questions or should we go through the testimony and then --

Section 2 talks about, as you remember, it actually was an initiative of this committee a couple of years ago to address manufacturing inspections, and last year we had a proposal, Public Act 8-65 that did that, and it addressed the situation actually in 29-305. I missed it in 29-292, it actually is a restriction that's still there, so this is language to also clean that up.

Section 3 is a problem that we have one statute that allows for the fire marshal in a community to designate in writing to his deputy or authorize him to do inspections and permits. In another section it actually talks about if there was not a fire marshal and how do we -- how do we make that -- if there isn't a fire marshal, how do we make that authorization happen? There are two separate statutes, but there was some discussions between the attorneys on could they use one statute for the other, so this clarifies that.

slm PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY 11:00 A.M.
COMMITTEE

Section 4 talks about a subject that was just brought to you, explosives, and all -- any other regulatory process that we have in the Department of Public Safety is used for -- we have a modification clause. We actually had the modification clause in the old regulations. It was told to us that that authority really belongs in a statute, so that's what we're trying to do, move it into the statute. It really doesn't change the way we do business.

And last, which is probably the two highest volume of complaints that I believe come into the office of the state fire marshal is, number one, blasting, and number two, the demolition process that we license contractors. We have a very subjective process that says you need three years of experience to do a Class B, which is a one and two-family home, and you need five years experience in order to get a larger permit, like to take down a high-rise or something like that. We have problems when people lapse in their renewals, and we cannot test for that person's competency, which I think is more important than just saying that the person has experience because they could be doing something wrong for 20 years, and really now it's more of a technical thing because there's lead abatement, asbestos abatement, soil conservation, all of those kinds of things that need to come in. So if we're going to give somebody a license, I think we need to have some kind of a testing procedure. The statute didn't allow that, and that's what this last section is doing.

And we're ready to actually answer any other questions on any other bills that you might

have also.

REP. DARGAN: Bob have any questions?

Questions to the Department of Public Safety from anyone? You're off pretty clean. Thank you very much for coming today.

JOHN BLASCHIK: Thank you.

REP. DARGAN: The next speaker is executive director of special revenue, Paul Young.

PAUL YOUNG: Senator Stillman, Representative Dargan, members of the public safety committee, thank you for letting me speak. My name is Paul Young. I am the executive director of the division of special revenue, and the division has two bills before you today, and they both are -- come out of our charitable games unit..

HB 6323

The first bill is Raised Bill 6287 titled An Act Authorizing Cash Prizes for the Blower Ball Games. The intent behind this is to replace -- there was a popular game out there that a lot of the bazaars used called the money wheel, and when we repealed the charitable games Las Vegas night a few years ago, a number of years ago, the money wheel went away. This is an attempt to bring back a similar game, although it's using what's called -- what's considered to be a bingo device, which is the blower ball device, which is authorized under the bingo statutes. So our attempt here is to help our not-for-profit organizations use this very popular game, and that's what the blower ball is all about.

If you'd like, I'll just simply move on to the next one or we can answer the questions -- all

MELISSA SMITH: Well, when you're talking about backyard paint guns, they don't have that requirement, but they're supposed to have that supervision. Like my son, his -- his stepdad was an ex-Navy seal, and he trained him on how to use the weapons and a mask, and so on and so forth, but it doesn't take your child, it can take somebody else, and then you're not responsible for that other person, and that's what happened to my son. And I can't control that. And it was during a break. This kid should have never been able to -- he should have never shot his weapon. The gun should have never went off.

REP. SAYERS: Thank you.

MELISSA SMITH: You're welcome.

SENATOR STILLMAN: Thank you. Anyone else? Thank you very much, and thank you for waiting as well.

MELISSA SMITH: Thank you very much for your time.

SENATOR STILLMAN: Next is Matt Hallisey, followed by Joyce Wojtas.

MATTHEW HALLISEY: Good afternoon Senator Stillman and members of the public safety committee. My name is Matthew Hallisey. I am director of government relations and legislative council for Connecticut Construction Industries Association. And with me today is Ken Smith of M.D. Drilling and Blasting, a CCIA member. Ken is a technical supervisor with M.D. Drilling's Atlantic division in Milford, Mass. We're here to testify on behalf of CCIA on two bills before you today, House Bills 6324 and 5567. We've submitted written remarks on both

February 10, 2009

slm PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY 11:00 A.M.
COMMITTEE

bills. I just wanted to comment briefly on both bills and why we're here, and Ken can speak about the technical aspects of blasting, and we both would be happy to answer any questions you might have.

On House Bill 6324 from the Department of Public Safety, we support Section 4 of the bill. That section would authorize the state fire marshal to grant variances from certain regulatory provisions concerning the storage, transportation or use of explosives. We ask that you approve the bill. Like other provisions governing life safety, building and construction, the law should generally provide greater flexibility and allow waivers and exceptions where strict compliance with the regulation might impose practical difficulty, unnecessary hardship or is otherwise unwarranted.

The Office of the State Fire Marshal, as Representative Tim O'Brien indicated before, and the Department of Public Safety has proposed a Connecticut explosives code which would update the regulations governing the storage, use and transportation of explosives and blasting agents. The current regulations have been in place since 1972 and not changed substantively since then. The revisions recognize technical changes and changes in federal law. It's a comprehensive code, it modernizes the requirements for blasting, and it will help ensure that uniform standards are applied across the industry.

Regarding proposed House Bill 5567, while we respect the intent of the sponsor, Representative O'Brien, as well as the concerns of homeowners living near quarries, which may have precipitated this bill, we

respectfully believe that legislation is not the proper vehicle for addressing their concerns. We did meet with Representative O'Brien this morning. We -- we expressed our concerns with the bill, but we did pledge to continue to -- continue a dialogue with him.

Quarry operators, engineers and blasters who work with explosives or understand their effects have a tremendous amount of practical experience and knowledge. Blasting is an important part of the construction process, and raw materials for constructing buildings, roads and bridges are mined in quarries where explosives are detonated to extract stone and other aggregates. We recognize that there have been complaints in recent years that routine operations at some quarries or on projects have led to dust and debris entering neighboring private property, and damage to wells, structures and foundations of homes may have been caused by vibrations from blasting. However, we -- we are -- our members are -- that operate quarries and perform blasting on site are attentive to surrounding areas, and they strive to minimize the vibration, noise and adverse effects. If I could have just a moment to turn it over to Ken. I apologize for going over time here, but...

KEN SMITH: I think I'm strictly here on a technical basis. There are some other issues, but I feel it's important when we put the regulator out in the field, as the fire marshal is, that he have the tools be given with him to fully exercise his authority, and I think for that reason the CCIA is validly supporting this section of Bill 6324.

The other bill that Matt spoke of, 5567, from a purely technical standpoint addresses --

it's very vague, and from my perspective it addresses a -- the least dangerous, if you will, type of explosive, blasting agents. It doesn't take into consideration the more potent explosives. Maybe that's not the intent, but, again, I believe that the comprehensive approach of that revised code will provide that protection to the public, those safe limits of the unwanted effects of vibration, and these tools given to the regulatory authority, used in the appropriate hands, will give the public and the industry what it needs to co-exist.

SENATOR STILLMAN: Thank you. Any questions for the gentlemen? Thank you very much.

MATTHEW HALLISEY: Thank you.

SENATOR STILLMAN: Joyce Wojtas, followed by Nick Morrione.

JOYCE WOJTAS: Good afternoon Senator Stillman and members of the public safety and security committee. My name is Joyce Wojtas, and I represent the Mechanical Contractors Association of Connecticut and the Plumbers and Pipefitters Local 777. I'm here today to support Raised Bill Number 849, and I appreciate the committee raising this bill. It's An Act Concerning Municipal Enforcement of the Occupational Licensing Laws.

Although the Department of Consumer Protection enforces these laws, there is a lot of work going on out there, and it is almost impossible for their limited staff of inspectors to get to many of these project sites. In drafting this bill, there was a big debate among the supporters, which includes most of the licensed trades, both union and



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THE VOICE OF LOCAL GOVERNMENT

TESTIMONY
OF THE
CONNECTICUT CONFERENCE OF MUNICIPALITIES
TO THE
PUBLIC SAFETY AND SECURITY COMMITTEE

February 10, 2009

CCM is Connecticut's statewide association of towns and cities and the voice of local governments - your partners in governing Connecticut. Our members represent over 93% of Connecticut's population. We appreciate this opportunity to testify before this joint committee on issues of concern to towns and cities.

Raised Bill 6324 "An Act Concerning the Inspection of Elevators, the Authority of the State and Local Fire Marshals, the Regulation of Explosives and other Technical Changes"

Raised Bill 6324 would, among other things, allow the deputy fire marshal, or acting fire marshal, to act in the place of a local fire marshal when there is no local fire marshal.

Facing serious budget constraints, local governments require a certain degree of flexibility to keep their communities safe -- without compromise. Raised Bill 6324 is a reasonable proposal that would ensure that public safety is maintained seamlessly.

CCM urges the committee to **favorably report Raised Bill 6324.**



If you have any questions, please call Bob Labanara or Gian-Carl Casa of CCM, at (203) 498-3000

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House Bill 6324, An Act Concerning the Inspection of Elevators, the Authority of the State and Local Fire Marshals, the Regulation of Explosives and Other Technical Changes

**Public Safety and Security Committee
February 10, 2009**

CCIA Position: Support section 4

Connecticut Construction Industries Association, Inc. (CCIA) represents the commercial construction industry in Connecticut and is committed to working together to advance and promote a better quality of life for all citizens in the state. CCIA is comprised of more than 350 members, including commercial, industrial and institutional construction contractors, subcontractors, suppliers and professionals serving the construction industry and representing all aspects of the construction industry. Several CCIA members have significant experience in operating responsibly explosives sales and service companies, performing blasting for site work and specialty projects, and operating quarries where mining, excavation and other work is performed.

Section 4 of House Bill 6324, An Act Concerning the Inspection of Elevators, the Authority of the State and Local Fire Marshals, the Regulation of Explosives and Other Technical Changes, authorizes the State Fire Marshal to grant variances from certain regulatory provisions concerning the storage, transportation or use of explosives. CCIA supports the provision and we urge the committee to approve it.

The Office of State Fire Marshal in the Department of Public Safety has proposed a Connecticut Explosives Code, which would update regulations adopted in accordance with Conn. Gen. Stat. §29-349 regarding storage, transportation and use of explosives and blasting agents. The current regulations have been in place since 1972 and have not been changed substantively since then. The revisions recognize technical changes and changes in federal law. It modernizes requirements for blasting and will help ensure that uniform standards are applied across the industry.

State law should provide greater flexibility and allow waivers and exceptions. At the same time, it should provide more authority for the state to interpret the Code's application. Like many regulations, the Code presents a one-size fits-all regulation that will have the force and effect of law across the state. There are 169 municipalities in Connecticut and what works in Ashford may not work best for Bridgeport, Greenwich or New Haven. The Commissioner of Public Safety, who serves as State Fire Marshal, or his designee, such as local fire marshals, should be authorized to grant exceptions, waivers and variances from certain onerous, impractical requirements when necessary. For example, section 29-349-50a(b) of the regulation, requiring a warning signal audible

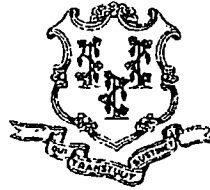


for at least one-half mile, is not practical and would be disruptive in urban settings where blasts are small and well-contained.

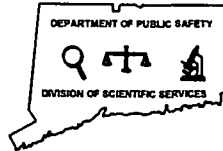
Meanwhile, federal law provides for alternate methods, procedures or variations from requirements. The Director of the Bureau of Alcohol Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) may approve the use of alternate methods or procedures of blasting under federal regulations. See, for example, 27 CFR §555.22(a). Likewise, the Code should have a mechanism for when an alternative approach may be better. The Code will then be more flexible and can respond to changed circumstances and advancements in technology, allowing the regulation to not become obsolete and to avoid a complete re-write of its provisions. The State Building Code and the Fire Safety Code provide similar authority to local building officials and fire marshals. This authority could still be granted with the Commissioner of Public Safety retaining the authority to enforce the regulations.

Local fire marshals are trained in a course taught by the State Police. The course covers explosives and blasting operations. State inspectors in the Office of State Fire Marshal are experienced, highly trained, competent and trustworthy to make decisions as to whether a waiver, variance or an exception to a regulation should be granted.

Please contact Matthew Hallisey at CCIA at (860) 539-5189 if you have any questions or if you need additional information.



STATE OF CONNECTICUT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY
OFFICE OF THE COMMISSIONERJohn A. Danaher III
CommissionerLieutenant Edwin S. Henton
Chief of Staff

February 10, 2009

Rep. Stephen Dargan, Co-Chairman
 Sen. Andrea Stillman, Co-Chairman
 Public Safety and Security Committee
 Legislative Office Building
 Hartford, CT 06106

**HB 6324 AAC THE INSPECTION OF ELEVATORS, THE AUTHORITY OF THE STATE AND LOCAL
 FIRE MARSHALS, THE REGULATION OF EXPLOSIVES AND OTHER TECHNICAL CHANGES**

The Department of Public Safety supports this bill.

Section 1 provides for a technical change to CGS 29-195. The reason for the change to "elevators located in private residences" is that the current statutory language, "private residence elevator" is industry nomenclature for a particular type of elevator. The intent of CGS 29-195 was to exempt all elevators located in private residences from regularly schedule inspections by the Bureau of Elevators and to have them inspected only upon request of the owner. There are private residences that have dumbwaiters, freight elevators, sidewalk elevators and passenger elevators. By not inspecting these elevators it could be interpreted that the Bureau of Elevators is not complying with the statutes. Therefore, the statute should be changed to clarify that all elevators in private residences are to be inspected only upon request of the owner. A similar change in language should also be made to CGS 29-196.

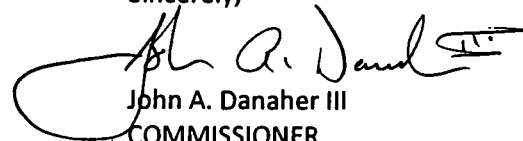
Section 2 deletes an obsolete statutory exception for manufacturing facilities. PA 08-65 allows fire code officials to inspect manufacturing establishments but failed to delete this statutory exemption.

Section 3 adds language to clarify the authority of an acting or deputy fire marshal to act in the absence of a local fire marshal. CGS section 29-297 allows the deputy fire marshal to assume authority in the office, however there is a potential conflict under section 29-298(c). This change will eliminate any confusion in reading the two statutes together.

Section 4 would allow the State Fire Marshal to grant variations from, or approve equivalent compliance with particular provisions of the statutes governing storage and transportation of explosives. Almost all of the statutory schemes involving approvals of the state building official or state fire marshal have procedures for granting modifications where strict compliance with such provisions would entail practical difficulty or unnecessary hardship provided any such variation, exemption, approved equivalent or alternate compliance shall secure the public safety. Inclusion of a waiver provision was suggested during a recent public hearing on proposed amendments to the explosives regulations. It would give the agency more flexibility, particularly where there are unusual or unique circumstances

Section 5 will allow the agency to test prospective demolition contractor registrants. This makes the process less subjective and appears to have support in the industry. Without this change the agency is left with evaluating an applicant based on experience alone. Another change in language would remove the right to a hearing for a new applicant. This brings the statute into conformance with other licensing procedures the Department of Public Safety administers. A registrant would still get a hearing if the agency wished to suspend or revoke a registration.

Sincerely,



John A. Danaher III
COMMISSIONER

Department of Public Safety